

2007 Mathematics

Intermediate 2 – Units 1, 2 and 3 Paper 2

Finalised Marking Instructions

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General Marking Principles

These principles describe the approach to be taken when marking Intermediate 2 Mathematics papers. For more detailed guidance please refer to the notes which are included with the Marking Instructions.

- 1 Marks must be assigned in accordance with the Marking Instructions. The main principle in marking scripts is to give credit for the skills demonstrated and the criteria met. Failure to have the correct method may not preclude a candidate gaining credit for the calculations involved or for the communication of the answer.
- 2 The answer to one part of a question, even if incorrect, must be accepted as a basis for subsequent dependent parts of the question. Full marks in the dependent part(s) may be awarded provided the question is not simplified.
- **3** The following should not be penalised:
 - working subsequent to a correct answer (unless it provides firm evidence that the requirements of the question have not been met)
 - omission or misuse of units (unless marks have been specifically allocated for the purpose in the marking scheme)
 - bad form, eg sin $x^\circ = 0.5 = 30^\circ$
 - legitimate variation in numerical values / algebraic expressions.
- 4 Solutions which seem unlikely to include anything of relevance must nevertheless be followed through. Candidates still have the opportunity of gaining one mark or more provided the solution satisfies the criteria for the mark(s).
- 5 Full credit should only be given where the solution contains appropriate working. Where the correct answer may be obtained by inspection or mentally, credit may be given, but reference to this will be made in the Marking Instructions.
- 6 In general markers will only be able to give credit for answers if working is shown. A wrong answer without working receives no credit unless specifically mentioned in the Marking Instructions. The rubric on the outside of the question papers emphasises that working must be shown.
- 7 Sometimes the method to be used in a particular question is explicitly stated; no credit should be given where a candidate obtains the correct answer by an alternative method.
- 8 Where the method to be used in a particular question is not explicitly stated, full credit must be given for alternative methods which produce the correct answer.
- 9 Do not penalise the same error twice in the same question.
- 10 Do not penalise a transcription error unless the question has been simplified as a result.
- 11 Do not penalise inadvertent use of radians in trigonometry questions, provided their use is consistent within the question.

Practical Details

The Marking Instructions should be regarded as a working document and have been developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' responses to a particular paper. While the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details can change depending on the content of a particular examination paper in a given year.

- 1 Each mark awarded in a question is referenced to one criterion in the marking scheme by means of a bullet point.
- 2 Where a candidate has scored zero marks for any question attempted, "0" should be shown against the answer in the place in the margin.
- 3 Where a marker wishes to indicate how s/he has awarded marks, the following should be used:
 - (a) Correct working should be ticked, \checkmark .
 - (b) Where working subsequent to an error is followed through, if otherwise correct and can be awarded marks, it should be marked with a crossed tick, X.
 - (c) Each error should be underlined at the point in the working where it first occurs.

4 Do not write any comments, words or acronyms on the scripts.

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •		
1	Ans: £30 405			
	• ¹ strategy: know how to increase by 2.3%	• ¹ 1·023		
	• ² strategy: know how to calculate expected wage	• ² 28 400 × 1.023 ³ • ³ 30 405		
	• ³ process: carry out calculations correctly within a valid strategy	• ³ 30 405 3 marks		
NOTES:				
1 F	For an answer of 30 405 without working	award 3/3		
2 F	For an answer of 30 405.01 or 30 405.02 with or wi	thout working award 2/3		
	Where an incorrect % is used, the working must be so give the possibility of awarding $2/3$	followed through		
	eg an answer of £52 849 (=28 400 × 1.23^3), with we	award 2/3		
4 F	For an answer of 87 160 or 87 159.60 (28 400 \times 1.0	23×3), with working award 1/3		
5 F	For an answer of 30 360 (28 400 + 28 400 × 0.023 >	< 3), with working award 1/3		
6 F	For an answer of 1960 (28 400 \times 0.023 \times 3)	award 0/3		
2	Ans: 21.6 cm			
	• ¹ strategy: express sector as fraction of a circle	• ¹ 118/360		
	• ² strategy: know how to find length of arc	• ² 118/360 × π × 2 × 10·5		
	• ³ process: correctly calculate length of arc	• ³ 21.6 3 marks		
NOTES:				
	Accept variations in π , disregard premature or incortant 18/360	rect rounding of		
2 H	For $118/360 \times \pi \times 10.5^2$ leading to 113.5 award $2/3$			
	For the award of the final mark, calculations must ir equivalent difficulty	nvolve π and be of		

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Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •		
3 (a)	Ans: Boys' data, with valid reason			
	• ¹ interpret: select correct data set, with valid reason	\bullet^1 Boys' data, with valid reason		
	vulle rouson	1 mark		
NOTES:				
(b)	Ans: (i) 58 (ii) 52 (iii) 76			
	• ¹ process: state median	• ¹ 58		
	• ² process: state lower quartile	• ² 52		
	• ³ process: state upper quartile	• ³ 76 3 marks		
NOTES:	1	1		
	The first mark is available only where the median is	s consistent with the answer to part (a)		
H	eg <u>Possible answers</u> For (a) Girls' data			
	and (b) 56, 53, 63	award part (a) 0/1 part (b) 3/3		
	For (a) Girls' data and (b) 58, 52, 76	award part (a) 0/1 part (b) 2/3		
	For (a) Boys' data (with reason) and (b) 56, 53, 63	award part (a) 1/1 part (b) 2/3		
	An incorrect answer for the median must be followe full marks for parts (ii) and (iii)	ed through with the possibility of awardin		

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •				
(c)	Ans:					
	 ¹ communicate correct end points ² communicate: correct box 	 end points at 31and 88 box showing Q₁, Q₂, Q₃ 				
		2 marks				
NOTES: Incor	rect answers in part (b) must be followed through t	o give the possibility of awarding 2/2				
(d)	Ans: The girls' results are more widely spread than the boys' •1 communicate: valid comment about the spread of data •1 comment •1 communicate: valid comment about the spread of data •1 comment					
NOTES:	1	1				

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •		
4 (a)	Ans: 154°			
	• ¹ process: calculate angle MTO	• ¹ 13°		
	• ² process: calculate angle MOT	• ² 154°		
		2 marks		
NOTES:				
	angle MTO may not be explicitly stated; it may be ne first mark	marked in a diagram and can be awarded		
2 A	a correct answer, without working	award 2/2		
(b)	Ans: 15.6 cm			
	• ¹ strategy: know to use cosine rule, sine rule or equivalent	• ¹ evidence		
	• ² process: correctly apply the cosine rule, sine rule or equivalent	• ² MT ² = 8 ² + 8 ² - 2 × 8 × 8 × cos154°		
		or $\frac{\text{MT}}{\sin 154^\circ} = \frac{8}{\sin 13^\circ}$		
	• ³ process: calculate MT	• ³ 15.6 cm		
		3 marks		
NOTES:				
1 E	Disregard errors due to premature rounding			
2 V	Where $\angle MOT$ is found to be 90° leading to an answ	wer of 11.3 , with working award $1/3$		
3 V	3 Where \angle MOT is found to be 154°, leading to an answer of 11·3 award 0/3			

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each ●			Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •		
5	Ans: 5400 cu	ibic centimetres				
	\bullet^1 strategy:	know how to calculate volume	•1	evidence of difference in volume of two cones		
	• ² process:	substitute correctly into formula	• ²	$\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 15^2 \times 24 \qquad (5655)$		
	• ³ process:	substitute correctly into formula	• ³	$\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 5^2 \times 8 \tag{209}$		
	• ⁴ process:	calculate volume correctly	•4	5445.43		
	• ⁵ process:	round answer to 2 significant figures	• ⁵	5400 5 marks		
NOTES:						
1 A	Accept variations	$\sin \pi$				
		available for rounding an answer or requires no rounding, the final n				
3 F	For use of $\pi r^2 h$, t	he second, third and fifth marks a	e avai	ilable		
Com	mon wrong ansv	vers				
5200	$\left(\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 15\right)$	$x^2 \times 24 - \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 5^2 \times 16$		award 4/5 ($\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$)		
3600	$\left(\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 15\right)$	$b^2 \times 16 - \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 5^2 \times 8$		award 4/5 ($\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark)$		
1900	$\left(\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 15\right)$	$b^2 \times 24 - \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 15^2 \times 16$		award 4/5 ($\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$)		
1600		$24 - \pi \times 5^2 \times 8 \Big)$		award $3/5 (\times \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark)$		
6	Ans: D is co	rrect				
	• ¹ process:	state the correct letter	• ¹	D 1 mark		
NOTES:	L		<u> </u>			

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •		
7 (a)	Ans: $2(x+3)(x-3)$			
	• ¹ process: start to factorise	• $2(x^2 - 9)$ • $2(x+3)(x-3)$		
	• ² process: complete factorisation	• ² $2(x+3)(x-3)$		
		2 marks		
NOTES:				
$2(x^2)$ (2x+	he following answers award $1/2$ -9) -6)(x-3) -6)(x+3)			
(b)	Ans: $\frac{2x+5}{2x-1}$			
	• ¹ process: correctly simplify fraction	$\bullet^1 \frac{2x+5}{2x-1}$ 1 mark		
NOTES:				
1 F	For working subsequent to a correct answer	award 0/1		

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •		
8	Ans: $x = -0.7, x = 3.7$			
	• ¹ strategy: know to use quadratic formula	• ¹ evidence		
	• ² process: substitute correctly into quadratic formula	$\bullet^2 \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4 \times 2 \times -5}}{2 \times 2}$		
	• ³ process: calculate $b^2 - 4ac$	• ³ 76		
	• ⁴ process: state both values of x correct to one decimal place	• 4 - 0.7, 3.7		
	Method 2 – possible graphical solutions			
	• ¹ strategy: know to graph $y = 2x^2 - 6x - 5$ • ² communicate: indicate position of roots	• ¹ $y = 2x^2 - 6x - 5$ • ² $y = 2x^2 - 6x - 5$ 1 st 2 nd root root		
	• ³ communicate: state first root correct to 1 decimal place	• ³ -0.7		
	• ⁴ communicate: state second root correct to 1 decimal place	• ⁴ 3.7		
		4 marks		
NOTES:				
1 \	Where $b^2 - 4ac$ is calculated incorrectly, the final m	hark is available only if $b^2 - 4ac > 0$		
2 H	For a correct answer without working award 0/4			
3	The final mark is available only when the answer requires rounding			

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •				
9	Ans: 13.4 metres					
	• ¹ strategy: know to find AC or BC	• ¹ evidence of use of sine rule in triangle ABC				
	• ² process: correct application of sine rule in triangle ABC	$\bullet^2 \frac{BC}{\sin 38^\circ} = \frac{30}{\sin 96^\circ}$				
		or $\frac{AC}{\sin 46^{\circ}} = \frac{30}{\sin 96^{\circ}}$				
	• ³ process: calculate AC or BC correctly	• ³ BC = 18.6 m or AC = 21.7 m				
	• ⁴ strategy: know to use right-angled trig to calculate height of block of flats	• ⁴ $\frac{h}{18 \cdot 6} = \sin 46^{\circ}$				
	or other valid strategy	or $\frac{h}{21 \cdot 7} = \sin 38^{\circ}$				
	• ⁵ process: calculate height of block of flats	• ⁵ 13.4 metres				
		5 marks				
NOTES:						
1 I	Disregard errors due to premature rounding provide	ed there is evidence				
	Variations in answers for a value of AC or BC or a accepted as a basis of calculating the height of trian					
3 H	For a correct answer without working	award 0/5				
4 <u>4</u>	Answer obtained by a scale drawing					
• ¹ strate	egy: know to use scale drawing	• evidence of appropriate scale clearly stated				
\bullet^2 proce	ess: draw AB consistent with chosen scale					
• ³ proce	• ³ process: measure angles of $(38 \pm 2)^{\circ}$ and $(46 \pm 2)^{\circ}$					
• ⁴ proce	• ⁴ process: complete triangle ACB and indicate height					
• ⁵ proce	cess: calculate height of triangle ACB correctly \bullet^5 h = (13.4 ± 0.3) m					

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •			
10	Ans: $\frac{5p}{4}$				
	• ¹ strategy: know how to start the division calculation	$\bullet^1 \frac{5p^2}{8} \times \frac{2}{p}$			
	• ² process: continue process	$\bullet^2 \frac{10p^2}{8p}$			
	• ³ process: express fraction in simplest form	• ³ $\frac{5p}{4}$ 3 marks			
NOTES:					
1 /	A correct answer, without working	award 3/3			
2	An incorrect answer, without working	award 0/3			
11	Ans: $m = \sqrt{\frac{kp}{n}}$				
	• ¹ process: start to rearrange the formula	• ¹ $kp = m^2 n$ • ² $m^2 = \frac{kp}{k}$			
	• ² process: continue the process	• ² $m^2 = \frac{kp}{n}$			
	• ³ process: make m the subject	• ³ $m = \sqrt{\frac{kp}{n}}$			
		3 marks			
NOTES:					
1 I	For a correct answer without working	award 3/3			
2	2 The second mark is available for division by <i>n</i>				
3	3 The third mark is available for taking the square root of an expression for m^2				
4 I	4 For an answer of $\frac{\sqrt{kp}}{n}$, with or without working award 2/3				

Question No	Marking Scheme Give 1 mark for each •	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •		
12	Ans: $1/m^3$			
	• ¹ process: simplify expression	• ¹ m^{-3}		
	• ² process: express with a positive power	\bullet^2 1/m ³		
		2 marks		
NOTES:				
13	Ans: $x = 58$ and 238			
	• ¹ process: solve equation for $\tan x^{\circ}$	• ¹ $\tan x^\circ = \frac{8}{5}$		
	• ² process: find one value of x	$\bullet^2 x = 58$		
	• ³ process: find second value of x	$\bullet^3 x = 238$		
		3 marks		
NOTES:				
	Where tan x° is calculated incorrectly, the working possibility of awarding 2/3	must be followed through with the		
	Where a graphical solution has been used, the first graph is drawn and where the values occur	mark is available for indicating what		
	For a correct answer arrived at by trial and improvement, only the second and third marks are available			
	For a correct answer without working	award 0/3		

Question No	(; Scheme k for each ●	Illustrations of evidence for awarding a mark at each •		
14	Ans: 42.7 cm				2411	
	• ¹ strategy:	marshall right-ang	facts and recognise gle	• ¹		
	• ² strategy:	use Pyth equivale	agoras' theorem or nt	• ²	$x^2 = 24^2 - 11^2$	
	• ³ process:	all calcu valid stra	lations correct, within a ategy	•3	42·7 3 marks	
NOTES:						
Com	mon answers					
24	13	giving	$x^2 = 24^2 - 13^2$ leading to AB = 40.3		award 2/3	
24	17.5	giving	$x^{2} = 24^{2} - 17 \cdot 5^{2}$ leading to AB = 32.8		award 2/3	
48	35	giving	$x^{2} = 48^{2} - 35^{2}$ leading to AB = 32.8		award 2/3	
24	24	giving	$x^{2} = 24^{2} + 24^{2}$ leading to AB = 33.9		award 0/3	

TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 2 50

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]