



2011 Mathematics

Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 1

Finalised Marking Instructions

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Part One: General Marking Principles for Mathematics Intermediate 1 Units 1, 2 & 3 Paper 1

This information is provided to help you understand the general principles you must apply when marking candidate responses to questions in this Paper. These principles must be read in conjunction with the specific Marking Instructions for each question.

1. Marks for each candidate response must always be assigned in line with these general marking principles and the specific Marking Instructions for the relevant question. If a specific candidate response does not seem to be covered by either the principles or detailed Marking Instructions, and you are uncertain how to assess it, you must seek guidance from the Principal Assessor. You can do this by posting a question on the Marking Team forum. Alternatively, you can refer the issue directly to the Principal Assessor by completing a Principal Assessor Referral form and returning it with the script in the normal way.
2. Marking should always be positive ie, marks should be awarded for what is correct and not deducted for errors or omissions.
3. Award one mark for each 'bullet' point shown in the Marking Instructions.
4. Working subsequent to an error must be followed through with the possibility of awarding all remaining marks for the subsequent working, provided the question has not been not simplified as a result of the error. In particular, the answer to one part of a question, even if incorrect, must be accepted as a basis for subsequent dependent parts of the question. Full marks in the dependent part(s) may be awarded provided the question has not been not simplified.
5. Solutions which seem unlikely to include anything of relevance must nevertheless be followed through. Candidates still have the opportunity of gaining one mark or more provided the solution satisfies the criteria for the marks.
6. The following should not be penalised:
 - working subsequent to a correct answer (unless it provides firm evidence that the requirements of the question have not been met)
 - omission or misuse of units (unless marks have been specifically allocated for the purpose in the Marking Instructions)
 - bad form, eg $\sin x^\circ = 0.5 = 30^\circ$
 - legitimate variation in numerical values/algebraic expressions.
7. Full credit should only be given where the solution contains appropriate working. Where the correct answer may be obtained by inspection or mentally, credit may be given, but reference to this will be made in the Marking Instructions.
8. In general only give credit for answers if working is shown. A wrong answer without working receives no credit unless specifically mentioned in the Marking Instructions. The rubric on page one of the question paper states that 'full credit will be given only where the solution contains appropriate working'.
9. Sometimes the method to be used in a particular question is explicitly stated; no credit should be given where a candidate obtains the correct answer by an alternative method.
10. Where the method to be used in a particular question is not explicitly stated, full credit must be given for alternative methods which produce the correct answer.

11. Do not penalise the same error twice in the same question.
12. Do not penalise a transcription error unless the question has been simplified as a result.
13. Where a solution has been scored out and not replaced then provided the solution is legible marks should be awarded in line with the Marking Instructions for that question.
14. Where more than one solution is given, mark them all and award the least mark.
15. The symbols ✓ and ✗ are used in the Marking Instructions to give guidance regarding the awarding of marks for specific candidate responses to some questions, eg ‘award 2/4 ✓✗✗✓’ indicates that the 1st & 4th marks should be awarded but the 2nd & 3rd marks should not.

Part Two: Mathematics Intermediate 1: Paper 1, Units 1, 2 and 3

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
1	a	<p>Ans: 20·37</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ calculate $6\cdot47 + 13\cdot9$: 20·37 	1	
1	b	<p>Ans: 225</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ calculate $\frac{5}{8}$ of 360: 225 	1	
1	c	<p>Ans: 156</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ calculate 12×13: 156 	1	
2		<p>Ans: 13 hours 35 minutes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ calculate time from 1745 to 0720: 13 hours 35 minutes 	1	1. Accept 13.35
3		<p>Ans: 25</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ know to multiply $4 \times (-2)$ then subtract answer from 17: eg $17 - (-8)$, $17 + 8$ •² carry out integer multiplication and subtraction correctly: 25 	2	<p>1. Some common answers (no working necessary)</p> <p>(a) 25 award 2/2</p> <p>(b) -26 [$13 \times (-2)$] award 1/2</p> <p>(c) 8 or -8 award 0/2</p> <p>2. Some common answers (working must be shown)</p> <p>(a) $17 - 8 = 9$ or $17 - 8$ award 1/2</p> <p>(b) $-8 - 17 = -25$ [$4 \times (-2) - 17$] award 1/2</p> <p>(c) $8 - 17 = -9$ [$4 \times (-2) - 17$] award 0/2</p> <p>(d) $17 - 6 = 11$ award 0/2</p> <p>(e) $17 + 6 = 23$ award 0/2</p>

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
4	a	<p>Ans: (-7,2) and (5,-6) plotted correctly</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ¹ (-7,2) and (5,-6) plotted correctly: 	1	1. Points need not be labelled
4	b	<p>Ans: (-1,-2)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ¹ state coordinates of midpoint of PQ: (-1,-2) 	1	1. Line PQ need not be drawn 2. Accept -1,-2 without brackets or (-1), (-2) 3. Where (2,-7) and (-6,5) are plotted in (a) then accept either (-2,-1) or (-1,-2) in (b)

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
5	a	<p>Ans: £4</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ know how to find cost of additional distance: $2 \times 50(p)$ •² correctly add £3 to above: $(£)3 + 2 \times 50(p) = (£)4$ 	2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. (£)4 without working award 2/2 2. Some common answers (working must be shown) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) $3 \times (£)3 + 2 \times 50(p) = (£)10$ award 1/2 (b) $(£)3 + 3 \times 50(p) = (£)4.50$ award 1/2 (c) $3 \times (£)3 + 3 \times 50(p) = (£)10.50$ award 0/2 (d) $(£)3 + 50(p) = (£)3.50$ award 0/2
5	b	<p>Ans: 4500m</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ know to split £7 into $£3 + 8 \times 50p$ •² calculate distance: $500 + 8 \times 500 = 4500$ 	2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. 4500 without working award 2/2 (irrespective of answer to (a)) 2. Award 1/2 for these common answers (working must be shown) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) If candidate uses 50p per 500m, then allow one 500 less or one 500 extra <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) $8 \times 500 = 4000$ (ii) $500 + 7 \times 500 = 4000$ (iii) $500 + 9 \times 500 = 5000$ (b) If candidate uses £1 per 1000m, then allow one 1000 less or one 1000 extra <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) $4 \times 1000 = 4000$ (ii) $500 + 3 \times 1000 = 3500$ (iii) $500 + 5 \times 1000 = 5500$ (c) If candidate uses £1 per 500m, then £3 + 4 × £1 must be used $500 + 4 \times 500 = 2500$ 3. Where incorrect method is used in part (a), then allow follow through in part (b) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) (a) = £4.50 (b) = 4000 award 2/2 for (b) (ii) (a) = £10.50 (b) = 1000 award 1/2 for (b) (iii) (a) = £10 (b) = 1071 award 2/2 for (b), (b) = $1000 + 500 \div 7$ award 1/2 for (b) (b) = 1000 award 0/2 for (b)

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance								
6		<p>Ans: $p = 14$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ start to collect like terms: $4p$ or 56 •² collect like terms and equate: $4p = 56$ •³ solve equation for p: $p = 14$ 	3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. For the award of the 3rd mark an answer of the form '$p =$' is required 2. For answers without valid working eg <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) $4p - 2 = 54 \rightarrow 56 \div 4 \rightarrow p = 14$ award 2/3 ✓×✓ (ii) $p = 14$ without working award 1/3 ××✓ (iii) $56 \div 4 = 14$ award 1/3 ✓×× (iv) $7 \times 14 - 2 = 54 + 3 \times 14 \rightarrow p = 14$ award 1/3 ××✓ 3. Answers acceptable for partial credit (valid working must be shown) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (i) $4p = 56 \rightarrow 14$ ✓✓× award 2/3 (ii) $4p = 52 \rightarrow p = 13$ ✓×✓ award 2/3 (iii) $10p = 56 \rightarrow p = 5.6$ ✓×✓ award 2/3 (iv) $10p = 52 \rightarrow p = 5.2$ ××✓ award 1/3 								
7	a	<p>Ans:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td>x</td> <td>-2</td> <td>0</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>y</td> <td>-8</td> <td>-2</td> <td>7</td> </tr> </table> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ calculate y when $x = -2$: -8 •² calculate y when $x = 0$ and 3: -2 and 7 	x	-2	0	3	y	-8	-2	7	2	
x	-2	0	3									
y	-8	-2	7									
7	b	<p>Ans: straight line graph of $y = 3x - 2$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ correctly plot all three points from the table •² draw straight line through the three points shown in the table 	2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. If the line $y = 3x - 2$ is drawn (even if this is not consistent with the points in the table) award 2/2 [minimum acceptable length: line joining $(-1, -5)$ to $(1, 1)$] 2. Where the three points plotted are consistent with the table and are not collinear, the 2nd mark is unavailable [Check gradients] 3. Where (y, x) is consistently plotted, answer should be followed through with the possibility of awarding the 2nd mark 								

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance												
8	a	<p>Ans: 15 minutes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ find mode: 15 	1	<p>1. For an answer of 15 (a) without working, award 1/1 (b) with evidence of an incorrect method, award 0/1 eg 5, 10, 15, 20, 25 [median] $75 \div 5 = 15$ [“mean”]</p>												
8	b	<p>Ans: $\frac{7}{30}$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ find probability: $\frac{7}{30}$ 	1	<p>1. Accept 7:30, 7 out of 30, 7 in 30, 7-30, 0.23(3...), 23(-3...)%</p>												
8	c	<p>Ans: 16.5</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ complete table: <table style="margin-left: 200px; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="text-align: right;">140</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: right;">125</td></tr> <tr><td style="text-align: right; border-top: 1px solid black;">495</td></tr> </table> •² know to divide Σfx by 30: $495 \div 30$ •³ correctly divide Σfx by 30: $= 16.5$ 	140	125	495	3	<p>1. Award of 1st mark: 140, 125 and 495 need not appear in table but must be shown in working</p> <p>2. 2nd mark may only be awarded for attempting $\Sigma fx \div 30$</p> <p>3. Answer <u>With evidence for 1st mark</u> <u>Without evidence for 1st mark</u></p> <table style="margin-left: 20px; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td>16.5</td> <td>3/3 ✓✓✓</td> <td>2/3 ×✓✓</td> </tr> <tr> <td>99 [495 ÷ 5]</td> <td>1/3 ✓××</td> <td>0/3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>495 ÷ 3 × 10 [= 1650]</td> <td>2/3 ✓✓×</td> <td>1/3 ✓××</td> </tr> </table>	16.5	3/3 ✓✓✓	2/3 ×✓✓	99 [495 ÷ 5]	1/3 ✓××	0/3	495 ÷ 3 × 10 [= 1650]	2/3 ✓✓×	1/3 ✓××
140																
125																
495																
16.5	3/3 ✓✓✓	2/3 ×✓✓														
99 [495 ÷ 5]	1/3 ✓××	0/3														
495 ÷ 3 × 10 [= 1650]	2/3 ✓✓×	1/3 ✓××														



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Part Two: Mathematics Intermediate 1: Paper 2, Units 1, 2 and 3

Question	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
1	<p>Ans: 50 minutes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ find number of calories per minute: $160 \div 20 = 8$ •² find time: $400 \div 8 = 50$ 	2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct answer without working award 2/2 2. Alternative strategies <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ $20 \div 160 = 0.125$ •² $0.125 \times 400 = 50$ (b) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ $400 \div 160 = 2.5$ •² $2.5 \times 20 = 50$ (c) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •^{1,2} eg $\begin{array}{r} 160 \ 20 \\ 160 \ 20 \\ \underline{80} \ \underline{10} \\ 400 \ 50 \end{array}$ <p>[In this case award 1/2 for correct strategy with one error.]</p>
2	<p>Ans: $c < 6$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ collect constants: $7c < 42$ •² solve inequality for m: $c < 6$ 	2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. For answers without valid working award 1/2 eg <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) $c < 6$ without working $\times \checkmark$ (b) $7 \times 6 + 13 < 55 \rightarrow c < 6 \times \checkmark$ (c) $7c = 42 \rightarrow c < 6 \times \checkmark$ 2. Answers acceptable for partial credit (valid working must be shown) award 1/2 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) $7c < 42 \rightarrow c < 6 \checkmark \times$ (b) $7c < 42 \rightarrow c = 6 \checkmark \times$ (c) $7c = 42 \rightarrow c = 6 \checkmark \times$ (d) $7c < 68 \rightarrow c < 9.7(\dots) \times \checkmark$

Question	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
3	<p>Ans: £ 3.8×10^6</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ find total value : $950 \times 4000 = 3\,800\,000$ •² express answer in standard form: 3.8×10^n •³ consistent power of ten: 3.8×10^6 	3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct answer without working award 3/3 2. Some common answers (no working necessary) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) 38×10^5 award 2/3 ✓×✓ (b) 3.8×10^6 award 2/3 ✓✓× (c) $3 \times 10^6, 4 \times 10^6$ award 2/3 ×✓✓ (d) $9.5 \times 10^2, 4 \times 10^3$ award 1/3

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
4	a	<p>Ans: 1 hour 15 minutes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ¹ interpret graph: 1 hour 15 minutes (or equivalent) 	1	
4	b	<p>Ans: 80 mph</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ¹ know how to find speed: $S = D/T$ ² interpret graph: $D = 300$, $T = 3\text{h}45\text{m}$ ³ calculate speed: $300 \div 3.75 = 80$ 	3	<p>1. Correct answer without working award 3/3</p> <p>2. Some common answers (no working necessary, rounding or truncation is acceptable)</p> <p>(a) $300 \div 3.45 = 87, 86(.9\dots)$ award 2/3 ✓✓x</p> <p>(b) $300 \div 225 = 1.3(\dots)$ award 2/3 ✓✓x</p> <p>(c) $300 \times 3.75 = 1125$ award 2/3 x✓✓</p> <p>(d) $300 \times 3.45 = 1035$ award 1/3 x✓x</p> <p>(e) $300 \times 225 = 67500$ award 1/3 x✓x</p> <p>3. Where time is only given in decimal form then 3rd mark is only available for division (or multiplication) by: 4.75 (Jack's arrival time), 3.5 (Jill's arrival time), 2.75 (Jill's departure time), 1.75 (difference of J&J's starting times), 1.25 (answer to part a), 0.75 (Jill's journey time).</p> <p>ie $300 \div 4.75 = 63$ ✓x✓ $300 \times 0.75 = 225$ xx✓ $300 \div 2.5 = 120$ ✓xx</p> <p>However, 2h30 m leading to $300 \div 2.5 = 120$ ✓x✓</p> <p>4. 3rd mark is not available for division by a whole number.</p>

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
5	a	<p>Ans: $9m + 35$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ multiply out bracket: $10m + 35$ •² collect like terms: $9m + 35$ 	2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct answer without working award 2/2 2. 2nd mark is not available if there is invalid subsequent working eg $9m + 35 \rightarrow 44m$ award 1/2 $9m + 35 \rightarrow 35/9$ award 1/2 3. $10m + 35 - 5m = 5m + 35$ $\times\checkmark$ award 1/2
5	b	<p>Ans: $6(4 - 3k)$</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ identify highest common factor: 6 or $4 - 3k$ •² factorise: $6(4 - 3k)$ 	2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. $2(12 - 9k), 3(8 - 6k)$ award 1/2 $\times\checkmark$
6		<p>Ans: 18 minutes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ know how to find volume of tank: $90 \times 60 \times 50$ •² know how to find volume in litres: $(90 \times 60 \times 50) \div 1000$ •³ know how to find time: $[(90 \times 60 \times 50) \div 1000] \div 15$ •⁴ calculate $[(\text{volume}) \div 1000] \div 15 = 18$ 	4	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct answer with no working award 4/4 2. Some common answers (working must be shown) (a) $270000 \div 15 \div 60 = 300$ $\checkmark \times \checkmark \times$ award 2/4 (b) $270000 \div 1000 \div 60 = 4.5$ $\checkmark \checkmark \times \times$ award 2/4 (c) $[(90 + 60 + 50) \div 1000] \div 15 = 0.013$ $\times \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ award 3/4

Question		Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
7	a	<p>Ans: 3698</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ find 'Liberal' angle: 43 •² know how to find number of Liberal votes: $\frac{43}{360} \times 30960$ or $\frac{30960}{360} \times 43$ or $43 \div (360 \div 30960)$ •³ find number of Liberal votes: 3698 	3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct answer without working award 3/3 2. 27262 [$\frac{317}{360} \times 30960$] award 2/3 ×✓✓ (no working necessary) 3. A common answer (working must be shown) 43% of 30960 = 13312(-8), 13313 award 1/3 ✓×× 4. Do not award third mark where premature rounding results in wrong answer eg $\frac{43}{360} \times 30960 = 0.12 \times 30960 = 3715(-2)$ award 2/3 ✓✓×
7	b	<p>Ans: In the by-election more voted SNP fewer voted Labour more voted Liberal</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ state any one of the above differences •² state another one of the above differences 	2	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Disregard invalid statements. eg SNP increased ✓ Labour decreased ✓ Liberal decreased × award 2/2 2. Disregard incorrect numerical references. eg SNP gained 70° Labour lost 90° award 2/2 3. Some common answers (a) Labour lost votes to SNP award 2/2 (b) In 2005 Labour had much more than SNP, but in 2008 they were close to each other. award 1/2

Question	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
10	<p>Ans: £35</p> <p>•¹•² know how to calculate interest: $\frac{7.5}{100} \times 1400 \times \frac{4}{12}$ (award 1 for $\frac{7.5}{100} \times 1400$ or $\frac{4}{12} \times \frac{7.5}{100}$ or $\frac{4}{12} \times 1400$)</p> <p>•³ carry out percentage and fraction calculations correctly: 35</p>	3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct answer without working award 3/3 2. If answer is 1435 [1400 + 35] (no working necessary) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) award 3/3 if candidate states that interest is 35 (b) award 2/3 if candidate does not state that interest is 35 3. Acceptable answers for partial credit (no working necessary) <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) 105 [7.5% of 1400] award 1/3 (b) 2.5 [$\frac{4}{12} \times 7.5$] award 1/3 (c) 466.67 or 466.66 [$\frac{4}{12} \times 1400$] award 1/3 (d) 420 [105 × 4] award 1/3 4. The following common wrong answers illustrate where the 3rd mark is available to candidates, working must be shown. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> (a) $1400 \times \frac{100}{7.5} \times \frac{4}{12} = 6222.22$ × ✓✓ (note: answer must be rounded or truncated to nearest penny) (b) $1400 \div 7.5 \times \frac{4}{12} = 62.22$ × ✓ × (c) $1400 \times \frac{7.5}{100} \times \frac{12}{4} = 315$ ✓ × ✓ (d) $1400 \times 0.75 \times \frac{12}{4} = 3150$ × × ✓

Question	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
11	<p>Ans: 20</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ multiply correctly: $2 \times 0.45 = 0.9$ •² divide correctly: $360 \div 0.9 = 400$ •³ find square root correctly: $\sqrt{400} = 20$ 	3	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct answer without working award 3/3 2. Some common answers (no working necessary) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) $\sqrt{(360/2 \times 0.45)} = 9$ award 2/3 x✓✓ (b) $\sqrt{360/0.9} = 21.081\dots$ award 2/3 ✓✓x (c) $\sqrt{360/2 \times 0.45} = 4.269\dots$ award 1/3 x✓x 3. Some common answers where working must be shown <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) $\sqrt{(360 \times 2 \times 0.45)} = 18$ award 2/3 ✓x✓ (b) $\sqrt{(360) \times 2 \times 0.45} = 17.076\dots$ award 1/3 ✓xx (c) $\sqrt{(360 \div 0.45^2)} = 42.16\dots$ award 2/3 x✓✓ (d) $\sqrt{(360) \div 0.45} = 42.16\dots$ award 1/3 x✓x (e) $\sqrt{(360 \div 0.45)} = 28.28\dots$ award 2/3 x✓✓ (f) $\sqrt{(360 \div 2.45)} = 12.12\dots$ award 2/3 x✓✓ 4. Accept answer rounded or truncated to 1 or more decimal places

Question	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
12	<p>Ans: 6.9 m (or 7m)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ find base of triangle: $17 - 11 = 6$ •² use correct tan ratio: $\tan 49^\circ = \frac{h}{6}$ •³ know how to solve equation: $h = 6 \times \tan 49^\circ$ •⁴ carry out trig. calculation: $6.9(0\dots)$ 	4	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct answer without working award 3/4 Be aware $\tan 49 = \frac{h}{6}$ $\tan^{-1}(6/49) = 6.9(8\dots)$ ✓✓×✓ 2. Do not penalise inadvertent use of radians or grads -19(0...) (radians used) award 4/4 5(184...) (grads used) award 4/4 3. Where an incorrect trig ratio is used, working should be followed through with the possibility of awarding 3/4. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) $6 \times \cos 49^\circ = 3.9(36\dots)$ award 3/4 ✓×✓✓ (b) $6 \times \sin 49^\circ = 4.5(28\dots)$ award 3/4 ✓×✓✓ 4. In awarding the 4th mark, the trig. ratio should not be rounded to any less than 2 decimal places eg <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) $6 \times \tan 49^\circ = 6 \times 1.15 = 6.9$ award 4/4 (b) $6 \times \tan 49^\circ = 6 \times 1.2 = 7.2$ award 3/4 ✓✓✓×

Question	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
13	<p>Ans: 36% (See Note 1)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ find loss: 45 •² know to express loss as a fraction of 125: $\frac{45}{125}$ •³ know to multiply fraction by 100: $\frac{45}{125} \times 100$ •⁴ carry out all calculations correctly: 36 	4	<p>1. Correct answer without working award 2/4</p> <p>Be aware $\frac{45}{100} \times 80 = 36$ award 2/4 ✓××✓</p> <p>When the only working is 45 and 36 award 2/4 ✓××✓</p> <p>2. 4th mark is only available for calculations of the form $\frac{a}{b} \times c$ where a,b,c = calculated loss or 125 or 80 or 100.</p> <p>3. Some common answers (working must be shown)</p> <p>(a) (i) $56(\cdot 25) [\frac{45}{80} \times 100]$ award 3/4 ✓××✓✓</p> <p>(ii) $56(\cdot 25) [\frac{45}{100} \times 125]$ award 2/4 ✓××✓</p> <p>When the only working is 45 and 56(.25) award 2/4 ✓××✓</p> <p>(b) $64 [\frac{80}{125} \times 100]$ award 3/4 ×✓✓✓</p> <p>(c) $178, 177(\cdot 7\dots) [\frac{80}{45} \times 100]$ award 3/4 ✓×✓✓</p> <p>(d) $156(\cdot 25) [\frac{125}{80} \times 100]$ award 2/4 ××✓✓</p> <p>(e) $100 [\frac{80}{100} \times 125$ or $\frac{125}{100} \times 80]$ award 1/4 ×××✓</p>

Question	Expected Answer/s	Max Mark	Additional Guidance
14	<p>Ans: 5.2 cm²</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •¹ know to calculate area of semi-circle: $\frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$ •² substitute correct radius into formula: $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4^2$ •³ know to add area of triangle to area of semi-circle: $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 1.5$ •⁴ carry out all calculations correctly: $3.07\dots + 2.1 = 5.17\dots$ (must include a circle calculation followed by an addition) •⁵ round to one decimal place: 5.2 	5	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Correct answer without working award 0/5 2. Some common answers (working must be shown) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) 8.3 [$\pi \times 1.4^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 1.5$] award 4/5 $\times \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ (b) 7.3 [$\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4^2 + 2.8 \times 1.5$] award 4/5 $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ (c) 14.4 [$\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 2.8^2 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 1.5$] award 4/5 $\checkmark \times \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ (d) 6.5 [$\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 2.8 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 1.5$] award 4/5 $\times \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ (e) 4.3 [$\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4 + \frac{1}{2} \times 2.8 \times 1.5$] award 3/5 $\times \times \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ (f) 3.1 [$\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4^2$] award 3/5 $\checkmark \checkmark \times \times \checkmark$ (g) 6.2 [$\pi \times 1.4^2$] award 2/5 $\times \checkmark \times \times \checkmark$ (h) 4.4 [$\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 2.8$] award 2/5 $\times \checkmark \times \times \checkmark$ (i) 8.8 [$\pi \times 2.8$] award 2/5 $\times \checkmark \times \times \checkmark$ (j) 2.2 [$\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 1.4$] award 1/5 $\times \times \times \times \checkmark$ 3. (a) 5th mark is only available where the final answer or answer to circle calculation requires rounding. (b) Where premature rounding leads to incorrect answer, a maximum of 4/5 is available eg triangle = $(\frac{1}{2} \times 1.4 \times 1.5) \times 2$ = 1.05×2 = 1.1×2 total area = $2.2 + 3.1 = 5.3$

TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 2
50

TOTAL MARKS FOR PAPER 1 & 2
80

[END OF MARKING INSTRUCTIONS]