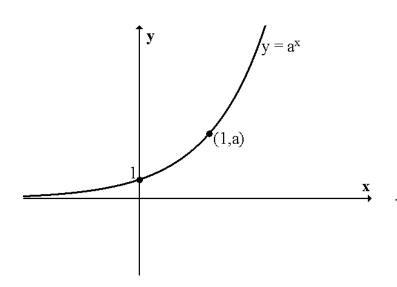
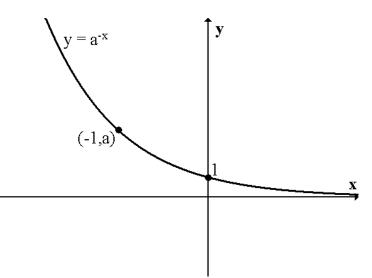
## **Exponential Graphs**

$$y = a^x$$

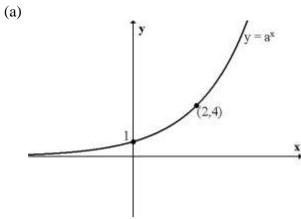
$$y = a^{-x}$$



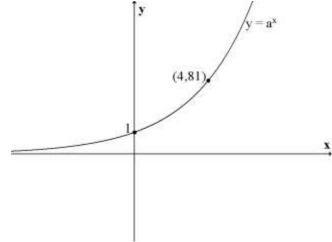


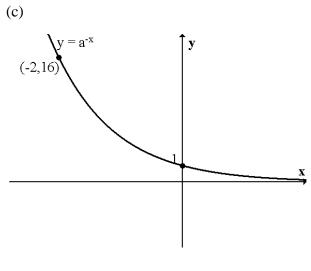
1. Find the value of a in each of the following



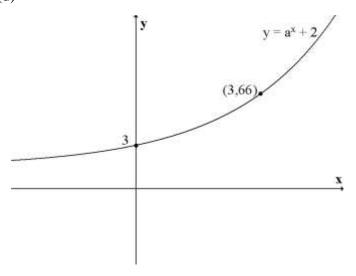


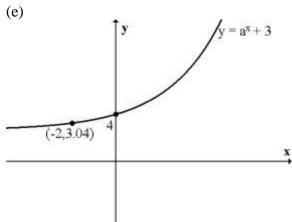




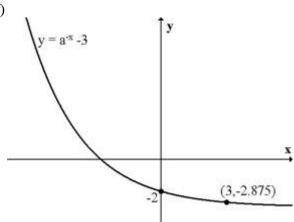


(d)



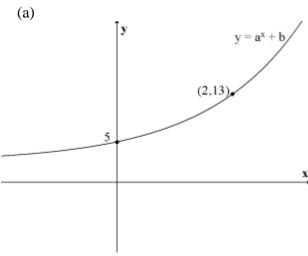


(f)

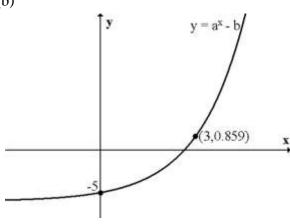


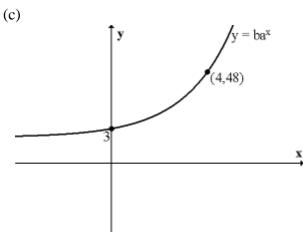
## 2. Find the values of a and b in the following

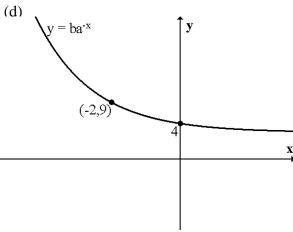




(b)







3. The diagram opposite shows the graph of  $y = a^x$ .

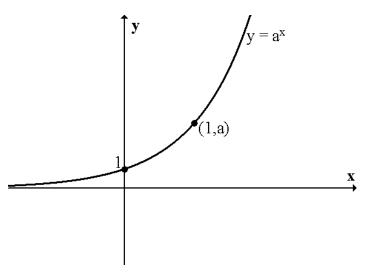
On separate diagrams sketch the graphs of



(b) 
$$y = a^x - 1$$

(c) 
$$y = -a^x$$

(d) 
$$y = 3a^x$$



4. The diagram opposite shows the graph of  $y = a^x$ .

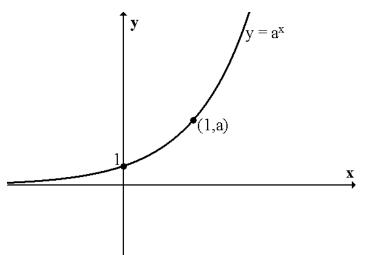
On separate diagrams sketch the graphs of

(a) 
$$y = a^{x+1}$$

(b) 
$$y = a^{-x}$$

(c) 
$$y = a^{-x} + 2$$

(d) 
$$y = a^{1-x}$$

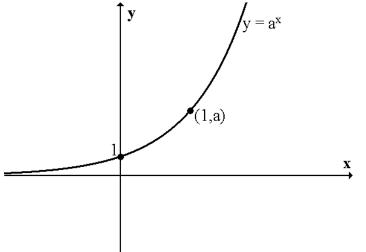


5. The diagram opposite shows the graph of  $y = a^x$ .

On a separate diagrams show the graphs of

(a) 
$$y = -a^{-x}$$

(b) 
$$y = 4 - a^{-x}$$



6. Show that the x-coordinate of the point of intersection of the graphs  $y = a^x + 1$  and

$$y = a^{x+1}$$
 is  $x = \log_a \left(\frac{1}{a-1}\right)$ 

7. Show that the x-coordinate of the point of intersection of the graphs  $y = a^x - 2$  and  $y = a^{x-1}$  is  $x = \log_a \left(\frac{2a}{a-1}\right)$ 

$$y = a^{x-1}$$
 is  $x = \log_a \left( \frac{2a}{a-1} \right)$