## Trigonometric Equations

1. Solve the following equations.
(a) $2 \sin 2 x+1=0$
$0 \leq x \leq 360$
(b) $2 \cos 2 x+\sqrt{3}=2 \sqrt{3}$
$0 \leq x \leq 2 \pi$
(c) $3 \tan ^{2} x-1=0$
$0 \leq x \leq 2 \pi$
(d) $3 \cos ^{2} \mathrm{x}-2 \cos \mathrm{x}-1=0$
$0 \leq x \leq 360$
(e) $4 \tan 3 x+6=9$
$0 \leq x \leq 360$
(f) $4+5 \sin 3 x=3$
$0 \leq x \leq 180$
(g) $6 \tan ^{2} x-7 \tan x=-2$
$0 \leq x \leq 360$
(i) $6 \sin 2 x-1=-3$
$0 \leq \mathrm{x} \leq 180$
(h) $4 \sin ^{2} x-1=2$
$0 \leq \mathrm{x} \leq \pi$
(j) $6 \sin ^{2} \mathrm{x}-5 \sin \mathrm{x}=6$
$0 \leq \mathrm{x} \leq 360$
2. (a) The diagram shows the graph of $y=a \sin b x+c$.
Write down the value of $\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}$ and c .
(b) Find the coordinates of P and Q , the points of intersection with this curve and the line $\mathrm{y}=2$.

3. (a) The diagram shows the graph of $y=a \cos b x+c$.
Write down the values of $a, b$ and $c$.
(b) Find the points of intersection of the line $y=3$ and this curve.

4. (a) The diagram opposite shows the graph of $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{p} \sin \mathrm{qx}+\mathrm{r}$.
Write down the equation of this graph.
(b) The line $\mathrm{y}=1$ is drawn on the same graph. Find the coordinates of A and B.

5. (a) The diagram opposite shows the graph of $y=a \cos b x+c$.
Write down the equation of this graph.
(b) Find the coordinates of A and B, points of intersection of the curve and the line $\mathrm{y}=2.5$.

6. The diagram shows the graph of $\mathrm{y}=4 \cos ^{2} \mathrm{x}+1$.

Find the points of intersection of this curve and the line $y=3$ in the range $0 \leq x \leq 360$

7. The diagram shows the graph of $y=\tan ^{2} x-2$.

Find the points of intersection of this curve and the line $\mathrm{y}=1$ in the range $0 \leq x \leq 2 \pi$.


