

Teacher

Name_____

Mathematics

Paper 1

National 5 Booster Paper B1

Duration: 1 hour 15 minutes

Total Marks - 50

Attempt **ALL** questions.

You may NOT use a calculator

To earn full marks, you must show your working in your answers.

State the units for your answer where appropriate.

Write your answers clearly in the spaces provided in this booklet.

Use **blue** or **black** ink.

Notes:

- This is a **Booster Paper**. Your May exam will be (a bit) harder than this.
- The Booster Papers get more challenging as you work through them.
- The final Booster Paper will be as challenging as your May exam.
- The number of marks indicated beside each question is intended as a guide and may differ slightly from SQA marking instructions.
- These original papers are **produced independently of the SQA** and are **free of charge**.
- All Booster Papers and answers can be found at <u>www.maths180.com/BoosterPapers</u>



FORMULAE LIST

The roots of $ax^2 + bx + c$	=0 are	$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$
Sine Rule:		$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$
Cosine Rule:		$a^{2} = b^{2} + c^{2} - 2bc\cos A$ or $\cos A = \frac{b^{2} + c^{2} - a^{2}}{2bc}$
Area of a triangle:		$A = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$
Volume of a sphere:		$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$
Volume of a cone:		$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$
Volume of a pyramid:		$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$
Standard deviation:		$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \overline{x})^2}{n - 1}}$
	or	$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2 - \frac{\left(\sum x\right)^2}{n}}{n-1}}$, where <i>n</i> is the sample size.





Attempt ALL questions

MARKS

1. Multiply the brackets and simplify

$$(3x-2)^2 - (3x-2)$$
 3





4. This circle has its centre at B. AC is a diameter. Angle DAB = 40° and angle BCE = 30° . Fill in all the missing angles.





5. (a) Factorise $30x^2 - 18x$

(b) Factorise $32x^2 - 18$

6. Express $x^2 - 8x + 21$ in the form $(x - a)^2 + b$ by completing the square. 2

2



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7. Change the subject of the formula to b

8. Polyfilla is on special offer. Each tube on offer contains 10% more than the standard tube. A tube on offer contains 330 grams.

How much does the standard tube contain?



$$\sqrt{\frac{b-5}{7}} = m$$

9. Simplify $(4x^3)^2$



(b) Write down the **coordinates** of C, the y – intercept of the graph. 1

- 11. Point $A\left(2,\frac{1}{2}\right)$ and point $B\left(3,1\right)$ are joined by a straight line.
 - (a) Determine the gradient of this line.

(b) Determine the equation of the line.

(c) Find the coordinates of the point where this line crosses the y-axis. 1



2

12. (a) Fully simplify $\sqrt{125} - \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{20}$.

(b) Write
$$\frac{10}{3\sqrt{2}}$$
 with a rational denominator in its simplest form. 2



13. A bag contains 40 coins. The coins are either 50 pence or 20 pence coins.

Let x represent the number of 50 pence coins and let y represent the number of 20 pence coins.

(a) Write an equation to represent this information. 1

The total value of all the coins in the bag is £15.50.

(b) Write an equation to represent this information. 1

(c) Find, algebraically, the number of 50 pence coins and the number of 20 pence coins.



- 14. This rectangle has length given by x+6 and breadth given by x-2. All lengths are in centimetres.
 - (a) Show that the area can be written as $x^2 + 4x 12$.

2

4



The actual area of the rectangle measures 9 square centimetres.

(b) Find, algebraically, the value(s) of x.

End of Booster Paper B1

